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A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

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CHelsea, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1882.

NEWS SUMMARY.

Important Intelligence from All Parts.

CONGRESSIONAL.

In the Senate on the 9th all the pending bills containing condemned cannon for monumental purposes were passed. The House Tariff Commission bill was passed—55 to 19—six Democrats voting with the Republicans in the affirmative and two Republicans with the minority against the bill. The Committee on the District of Columbia was instructed to prepare a bill for the management of the jail. It was alleged that a notorious prisoner held daily before the bill to establish a Court of Appeals in the District of Columbia. In the House, after several speeches on the bill to enlarge the powers of the Department of Agriculture, Mr. Townsend (Ill.) moved an amendment, which was adopted, that the Secretary of Agriculture shall be an experienced agriculturist. Mr. Damm offered an amendment providing for a Division of Forestry, which was also adopted.

A bill was passed in the Senate on the 10th to establish an Army office at Deadwood, S. D. The bill for the Intermediate Appellate Court was taken up. Mr. Jones (Fla.) opposed the section limiting the appellate jurisdiction of Circuit Courts. Mr. Davis urged its retention as necessary, and gave notice that he would press the bill to a final vote. In the House, Mr. Jones (Fla.) moved an amendment to the bill creating a Department of Agriculture, which was passed—172 to 7. The conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill was agreed to. The District of Columbia Appropriation bill was passed—134 to 13.

In the Senate on the 11th Mr. Davis (Ill.) proposed an amendment to the Intermediate Appellate Court bill, which was adopted. The jurisdiction of Circuit Courts shall remain unchanged. The Indian Appropriation bill, as reduced by the Conference Committee to \$450,000, was passed. In the House Mr. Sherman reported a bill for an annual appropriation of \$100,000 for the next five years, to aid in the support of free schools, the amount to be apportioned on the basis of population. Mr. Hitt made an adverse report on the bill to shorten to two years the period required in the case of a retired pay for non-commissioned officers who have served in the regular army. The Secretary of War, stating that the expenditures of the Signal-Service Bureau for the past seven years had been \$420,000.

The bill for Intermediate Appellate Courts was passed in the Senate on the 12th—32 to 18. The bill creates nine intermediate courts, or one in each existing circuit, and eighteen new Circuit Judges, or two additional for each circuit, who are to be appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. A bill was passed in the House on the 12th to amend the act to extend the charter of the National Banks was defeated.

A riot was inaugurated at the Cleveland (Ohio) Rolling-Mill on the 9th. The amalgamated iron and steel workers asked for an advance of from fourteen to twenty-five per cent, which the company refused to grant. In consequence over 3,000 men walked out and the mills were shut down.

On the 8th 5,000 immigrants landed at Castle Garden. A fire at Cairo, Ill., on the morning of the 10th burned out twenty families and some business places.

L. GREEN, a cotton agent at Columbus, Miss., has recently swindled New England mill out of more than \$200,000. His plan was to draw on his principals at sight on his shipment, and then take his bills of lading to a local bank and get them cashed. He is said to have fled the country with his ill-gotten gains.

WASHINGTON advices of the 10th state that the proposal for a new Arctic expedition finds little favor, chiefly among its opponents being Secretary Chandler.

DURING the 9th and 10th \$2,450,000 in gold was shipped to Europe.

THERE was much excitement at the petroleum center on the 10th, the sales at the Bradford Exchange being 2,638,000 barrels.

The New York Assembly on the 10th passed a bill to exclude from Castle Garden all immigrants brought across the Atlantic by steamship companies which decline to pay a commission of fifty cents per head.

ADOLPH BRENNAN, Superintendent of the Hebrew Emigration Aid Society of New York, was severely beaten on the 10th by a party of Russian refugees, the cause being his refusal to furnish them with money to embark in the saw-mill in Minnesota, that of Pillsbury, Chase & Co., at Brainerd, valued at \$85,000, was swept away by fire on the 10th.

A heavy snow-storm prevailed in Northern Wisconsin on the 10th.

A DALLES (Tex.) dispatch of the 10th states that the deaths added to those killed outright by the cyclone at McAllister on the 8th increased the fatalities to twenty-one. Forty-two more were wounded. Fifty-nine houses were totally demolished and twenty-seven partially.

A few nights ago three men made a burglarious entrance into a smoke-house near Salem, N. C., by prying apart the logs of which it was composed. One of them was shot dead by the proprietor, and the other two, in attempting to escape, knocked out the lever, which caused the opening they had made to close just as they were about half way out. They were frightfully crushed and died in about thirty minutes.

THE Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Company has issued an order forbidding the sale of liquor to its employees, and prohibiting proprietors of eating-houses on their lines to sell liquor or keep a bar on their premises.

SEVEN National Banks have failed in New York and Brooklyn during the operation of the National Banking system. The total loss to depositors was \$90,000, and the cost of winding them up was eight per cent. of the total sum collected.

ORDERS have been issued for the abandonment of Forts Fetterman and Sanders in Wyoming.

The final dividend of the Freedman's Bank, about to be made, will bring the payments of creditors up to sixty per cent.

The Illinois Board of Agriculture on the 11th reported an improvement in the condition of winter wheat in all sections of the State. The yield promised to be three to five per cent. better than the average.

two and the two domestics who were engaged in the work were fatally burned. The value of exports of petroleum and petroleum products during March was \$3,753,706. For the nine months ended March 31 the value was \$38,207,257.

DICK ROGERS, a Colorado cowboy, rode up to Fort Garland on the 12th, and ordered a soldier to light a cigar for him. The response was a bullet through his heart.

MAYOR GRACE presided over a meeting of the Irish in New York on the 12th, held to denounce the murder of Cavendish and Burke. One hundred policemen were stationed about the doors, and O'Donovan Rossa, who occupied a central seat, was closely watched by officers. Mr. Parrell was greeted. Richard O'Gorman was interrupted by a call for three cheers for the assassins.

A PRACTICAL test of an electric accumulator was made by the steamship Labrador, which arrived at New York on the 12th. The steamer had lights all the way across the Atlantic from electricity stored April 25 on the other side.

THERE were 117 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 11th.

The saloon of Heffer & Co., at Palestine, Ind., was blown up by dynamite on the night of the 11th. The building was ruined, the stock destroyed, one man mortally injured, and a son of the proprietor wounded.

SECRETARY TELLER proposes to disarm the Indians on all the reservations, and then use troops to take the weapons from roving bands. He insists that the wards of the Nation shall be treated pretty nearly the same as the whites, and be punished in the civil courts for misdeeds.

A CYCLONE which swept over the region of Shreveport, La., on the 12th killed three persons, besides doing vast damage to property.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

The United States Senate on the 9th passed the Tariff-Commission bill as it came from the House, the vote standing—ayes 85; noes, 19.

The Governor of Iowa has issued his proclamation calling the people to vote on the 27th of June upon the proposed Prohibition amendment to the Constitution.

THE Texas Democratic State Convention has been called to meet at Galveston on the 10th of July.

THE Democrats of the Seventh District of Indiana have nominated for Congress William E. English, a son of the defeated candidate for Vice-President.

FOR the first time since the war the Louisiana Legislature met at Baton Rouge on the 8th.

WILLIAM E. DODGE was re-elected President of the National Temperance Society at its annual meeting in New York on the 9th.

GEORGE SCOVILLE on the 9th asked the aid of the police of New York in finding his wife. The return of John W. Guitau to the writ of habeas corpus denies that she was in his custody, or that she was illegally restrained of her liberty. Mr. Scoville testified that his wife told him he had caused her to care for her. Mrs. Scoville arrived in Chicago on the evening of the 9th.

IN the Guitau case at Washington on the 9th the points made by Charles H. Reed in his argument before the Supreme Court sitting in banc were that the offense was not indictable in the District of Columbia because the President's death occurred in New Jersey, and that the sentence is void because the day fixed is not authorized by law.

THE fifteenth annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee was held at St. Louis on the 10th. General W. T. Sherman presided.

THE California State Republican Convention will be held at Sacramento on the 30th of August.

THE Pennsylvania Republican Convention is in session at Harrisburg on the 10th nominating General James A. Beaver for Governor, W. T. Davies for Lieutenant-Governor, Henry Rowe for Judge of the Supreme Court, and Thomas Marshall for Congressman-at-Large.

THE Indiana Republican State Convention has been called to meet at Indianapolis August 9.

CHARLES H. REED closed his argument in the Guitau case at Washington on the 10th by objecting to the evidence of Dr. Fordey Barker and Mrs. Scoville. He appealed to the Court to save the Judiciary from the disgrace of sending an insane man to the gal-lows.

THE bill to enlarge the powers and duties of the Agricultural Department of the Government, which passed the National House of Representatives on the 10th by a practically unanimous vote—173 to 7—provides for making it a separate department, with a Secretary at the head of it who shall be a practical farmer, and he is to be a member of the President's Cabinet. By the terms of the bill the new Department will have four bureaus—one of Agriculture, one of Animal Industry, one of Forestry, one of Lands and one of Statistics, with a Commissioner at the head of each bureau.

THE Nebraska State Legislature met at Lincoln on the 10th for the purpose of redistricting the State.

ALL the remaining election cases on the docket at Charleston, S. C., have been continued to the November term.

Mrs. SCOVILLE, in an interview in Chicago on the 11th, announced her intention of testifying that she secured 100,000 signatures to a petition for the commutation of Guitau's sentence from hanging to imprisonment. She said she proposed to apply for a divorce from her husband.

THE wife of Sergeant Mason on the 11th made a strong appeal to President Arthur in behalf of her husband. The President said he had great sympathy for her, and that the petitions for the pardon of her husband would be laid before the Cabinet.

THIS argument for the prosecution in the Guitau case was commenced in Washington on the 11th by District-Attorney Cockhill. He dealt at great length on the absurdity of the claim that because President Garfield died of cholera, and General Sherman re-elected President.

FOREIGN.

SIR WILLIAM V. HARCOURT was informed on the 10th that an Irishman then in Liverpool claimed to have refused an offer of £100 made in Dublin to assist in the murder of Cavendish and Burke, and he further claimed that he had put his hand on the assassins.

MR. EDAN, Treasurer of the Irish Land League, referring to the suggestion that a reward of £2,000 be offered by the League for the discovery of the assassins of Cavendish and Burke, says: "I am determined that if one penny of the Land League fund were voted for such a purpose I would at once resign the 'treasurership'."

THE Vatican has forwarded formal instructions to Cardinal McCabe, Archbishop of Dublin, directing him to call upon all Irish Catholics to declare in public document that their cause is distinctly separate from sectaries.

A RETURN has been issued, showing that on the 31 of May 338 persons were confined in Ireland, under the Coercion act.

MICHAEL DAVITT has addressed an interesting letter to the London Standard, in which he expresses the belief that, had he been permitted to enjoy his liberty in Ireland, instead of being confined at Kilmahilly, he could have been instrumental in preventing much of the bloodshed and violence that have occurred in Ireland during the past year.

IN the British House of Commons on the 11th Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt introduced a bill for the repression of crime in Ireland which provides for the suspension of trial by jury of persons arrested for treasonable practices; the suppression of political secret societies and of seditious journals; the power to search for secret apparatus of murder; to enter houses at any hour under warrant of the Lord-Lieutenant; to remove foreigners deemed dangerous to peace, and other stringent measures. It is to be in operation for three years.

A TRAINING fire-damp explosion recently occurred in the "Pinto mine," in Westphalia. Fifty-six dead bodies have been recovered.

TRAVELERS, the new Chief Secretary for Ireland, arrived in Dublin on the 11th and was cheered by the people. He was escorted to the castle by mounted police. The conviction was growing that the assassins had escaped.

THE better portion of the business part of Hastings, Canada, was burned on the morning of the 11th.

THE Netherlands steamer Willem Barents has started for the Arctic regions in search of the Leigh Smith expedition.

MICHAEL DAVITT has sent a cablegram to friends in New York, stating that he has private information that he is to be sacrificed to satisfy the vengeance of Irish landlords.

THE funeral of Lord Cavendish on the 11th called together an assemblage of 30,000 persons. Among the prominent personages in attendance were the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh and Mr. Gladstone, the British Premier.

THE Irish Republican Brotherhood have issued a proclamation in Dublin justifying the murder of Cavendish on the ground that "the monster Burke had preyed upon the lives and liberties of his countrymen for many years," and that Lord Cavendish was one of a family who, as landlords, had been guilty of wholesale evictions.

A GOVERNMENTAL crisis has arisen in Egypt, and all relations between the Khedive and his Cabinet have been suspended. The khedive has received a message from the Sultan praising his conduct and declaring no apprehension need be felt as the Porte will immediately act in concert with the Powers. A movement has been started to impeach the Khedive in the Chamber of Notables, on the ground of his taking instructions of the Porte in the matter of internal autonomy.

AT the Mansion House, in London, on the 12th a canister was found suspended to a railing by a brass hook, connected with which was a lighted fuse, which a policeman extinguished. The box was believed to be full of gunpowder.

THREE arrests were made in Dublin and Belfast on the 13th of men supposed to be the assassins. Several English detectives had sailed for New York.

LATER NEWS.

EDWARD HIXON & Co., furniture-dealers in Boston, who were rated at \$175,000, suspended on the 13th.

THE Dublin police issued a description on the 13th of four men supposed to be the assassins of Messrs. Cavendish and Burke. Two of them are described as being about thirty years of age, with sandy hair; one of about thirty-five years, of stout build and dark complexion, with a hollow bridge on his nose, and the other about twenty years, with a small black mustache.

A FLOOD in the White River on the 14th had overflowed the town of Jacksonport, La., and the whole country for miles around was one sea of water, the damage to crops and stock being very great.

A WASHINGTON dispatch of the 14th states that Chief Justice Carter and Judges Mastrud, Arthur, Hager and James held consultations on the 13th, summing up the arguments of counsel in the application of Guitau for a rehearing. The decision, which would be announced on the 22d, was said to affirm the sentence of the court below, which disposed of Guitau's last chance for life.

FIFTY Turkish soldiers were drowned on the 14th by the beaching of a transport in the Bosphorus.

EX-GOVERNOR C. C. WASHINGTON, of Wisconsin, died at Eureka Springs, Neb., on the 14th, aged sixty-five years.

THE Austrian physician who visited the Jews' hospital at Odessa stated on the 14th that there were 125 horribly mutilated persons there, the Russians having poured petroleum into their wounds.

A HOR SPRINGS (Ark.) dispatch of the 13th states that a cyclone which passed over Silver City destroyed over \$150,000 worth of property and rendered one hundred families homeless. Eight people were killed and many others wounded. Hundreds of sheep, hogs, horses and cattle were lost or killed.

AT Gunnison, Col., a young son of Judge Kellogg was shot dead on the 13th by a playmate who was toying with a pistol.

JOHN Q. SMITH, a contestant for the seat of Representative Charles M. Shelly, Fourth Alabama District, died in Washington on the 13th of pneumonia, after an illness of less than forty-eight hours.

THREE men went into the old Bowley mines, at Wilkesbarre, Pa., on the 13th to obtain some facts for use in a pending suit, and lost their lives by fire-damp.

FIFTY Austrians were killed on the 14th by insurgents in ambush near Nerisling.

A Proclamation by the "Irish Republican Brotherhood."

DUBLIN, May 11.
The following proclamation has been issued by the "Irish Republican Brotherhood":
"GOD SAVE IRELAND."

"To the Irish People, and all Lovers of Liberty, and Particularly our Brethren of the Irish Republican Brotherhood and Kindred Organizations:
"As there seems to be a grave misunderstanding as to the aim and scope of the late executions at Dublin, we, the Executive of the Irish Republican Brotherhood, hereby request all those to withhold their opinion of this matter for the present, and refrain from an expression of sympathy at public meetings, which tend to humiliate Ireland and give aid and comfort to England."

"As to the monster Burke, he had preyed upon the lives and liberties of his countrymen for many years, and had deserved death. Let us ask the people of Ireland to stand in the nostrils of the Irish people by the intrigues of his brother, Lord Harrington, and the wholesale evictions of his father, the Duke of Devonshire, thereby driving thousands of the rightful owners of the soil to the poor-house, exile and death."

"This organization has tolerated the vagaries of Parnell and his self-confessed assassins until he has killed the best of our country with the victims of a so-called Parliamentary agitation, which left 20,000 persons homeless last year, and drove millions of the flower of our people to the poor-house. Are there no lessons to be learned from this? Are there no classes of people to be considered except farmers, and of what avail will it be to Ireland if a selfish class is firmly rooted in the soil and becomes thoroughly loyal to England?"

"We ask our friends in America to ponder upon our desperate condition, and to stand in the nostrils of the Irish people by the intrigues of his brother, Lord Harrington, and the wholesale evictions of his father, the Duke of Devonshire, thereby driving thousands of the rightful owners of the soil to the poor-house, exile and death."

"Now, furthermore, we call upon all our brothers in America, particularly Advanced Nationalists, to aid by every means within their power the men who have carried out this execution, and we hereby declare that they deserve well of their country."

"By order of the Executive of the Irish Republican Brotherhood."

Text of the Tariff-Commission Bill.

The Tariff-Commission bill recently passed by Congress provides as follows:
"Be it enacted, That a Commission is hereby created to be called the 'Tariff Commission,' to consist of nine members.

SEC. 2. That the President of the United States shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint nine Commissioners from civil life, one of whom, the first named, shall be President of the Commission. The Commissioners shall receive as compensation for their services each at the rate of \$10,000 per annum, and shall be entitled to travel and other necessary expenses. The Commission shall have power to employ a stenographer and a messenger, and the foregoing compensation and expenses shall be audited and paid by the Secretary of the Treasury out of any moneys in the Treasury.

SEC. 3. That it shall be the duty of said Commission to take into consideration and to thoroughly investigate all the various questions relating to the agricultural, commercial, mercantile, manufacturing, mining and industrial interests of the United States, and to make such recommendations as they may deem proper to the President, for the purpose of revising the existing tariff upon a scale of justice to all interests; and, for the purpose of fully examining the matters which may come before it, said Commission, in the prosecution of its inquiries, is authorized to visit such different portions and sections of the country as it may deem advisable.

SEC. 4. That the Commission shall make a general final report of the results of its investigations and the testimony taken in the course of its proceedings, and shall submit the same to the President on or before the 1st day of December, 1882; and it shall cause the testimony taken to be printed from time to time and distributed to members of Congress by the Public Printer, and shall also cause to be printed for the use of Congress 5,000 copies of its final report, together with the testimony.

A Heroine.

Last Friday two gentlemen, named Payne and Harrison, commercial travelers, arrived at New River ferry. While waiting for the boat Mr. Payne drove the buggy into the water to wash it off, when the horse became unmanageable and plunged into deep water. Mr. Payne endeavored to cut the animal loose, but was thrown into the water, and having on a heavy overcoat and boots was in a very critical situation. Little Bryant, daughter of the ferryman, aged fourteen years, was on the other side of the river playing in a canoe. With great presence of mind she paddled at once to the rescue. Mr. Harrison, with her, made her way to the bank for him before going to the rescue of Payne, he supposing that the little heroine was endeavoring to rescue Payne.

Mr. Harrison, seizing a paddle, put the boat to turning "round and round," and so Payne came. Brave Little at once took command, ordered Harrison to let her paddle her own canoe, shoved it to the spot where Payne was sinking for the third time, and called to him as he went down: "Hold up your hands!" Payne's hands were thus above water when he had went down, and the intrepid girl seized them, and with Harrison's help drew him into the boat. Meantime Mr. Andrew Ingles had seen the alarming accident, jumped into a canoe, and arrived just in time to save the boys from drowning. All honor to the brave Little Bryant, the heroine of New River! Mr. Payne, in his gratitude, desires to educate and support the child, but Little is a romping girl, who delights in a fishing-rod and a canoe more than in dolls and dresses, and is unwilling, it is said, to extend the will freedom of her mountain life for the confinement of a boarding-school.

—Montgomery (Va.) Messenger.

—Mrs. Sarah Post, well recorded at New York recently, bequeathed her gold spectacles to the highest bidder for them in the family.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Fruits of all kinds, with the exception of apples, are said to have sustained severe injury from the heavy frost of a few nights ago, peaches, plums, and early cherries being almost entirely destroyed. Previous to the frost the prospects of a heavy fruit crop in Kalamazoo County were never better. Now it was thought hardly ten per cent. of an average crop would be realized.

The Michigan Sportsmen's Association has recently appointed Cyrus W. Hight to act as State Game Warden and Missionary for the Association at a salary and expenses to be paid by the Association. He will travel through the State seeing that the Game laws are enforced, and enlightening the people as to the usefulness and necessity of game and fish protection.

There were fourteen contestants for the appointment of cadet from the Third District, to West Point, at the recent examination. A. D. Nickerson, of Hastings, was the fortunate one.

Columbus Bodury and Andrew Bodury, father and son, both residents of Ecorse, Wayne County, were arrested a few days ago for the murder of Abram Brisbois at their house, on the night of September 16. The facts are that on that last night of Brisbois' life he went to Bodury's farm to make ready for thrashing on Monday, the 17th, but at daybreak he was found in bed by Bodury, Sr., with a bullet in his brain. He had evidently died without a struggle, and it was thought at the time that the murder must have been committed very soon after Brisbois went to bed. It is now charged that Columbus Bodury did the killing and that Andrew, his father, was cognizant of it. The former disappeared immediately after the murder, and returned only a few days ago.

Pigeon-shooting is said to be brisk in northeastern Michigan.

Mary Miller, of Tekonsha, Calhoun County, aged fourteen years, died recently from injuries received while wrestling playfully with a girl companion. She fell and her playmate fell on her in such a manner as to cause internal injuries, which resulted in inflammation and death.

A Romeo (Macomb County) man stole ninety dollars several years ago, and has now returned it with interest on the investment. He had obtained religion since doing the stealing.

The post-office at Iron River, Ontonagon County, has been discontinued.

Joseph Boyce, a diver on the wrecking schooner, O. Wilcox, died in his diving dress at Port Huron a few afternoons ago while engaged in looking for the body of Captain Fred Colvin, lost on the schooner Clayton Belle. The pipes that supply the air got foul of the anchor of Wilcox, and on account of his experience in diving dress, it is supposed that he got excited and could not clear his pipes which supplied the air. His home was at Bronte, Ont.

The Bay County Supervisors have recently adopted a resolution to submit to the people a proposition to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for the purpose of macadamizing certain roads near Bay City and West Bay City.

Edward Krunke, a book-binder of Bay City, has a manuscript parchment book 650 years old, made by a monk, and recently secured at Breslau, in Prussia. It contains 101 of the Psalms, the work being beautifully done and the book well preserved.

Reports to the State Board of Health from fifty-seven observers in various localities, for the week ended April 29, indicate that cerebro-spinal meningitis, diphtheria, bronchitis, erysipelas and pneumonia decreased in area of prevalence. There was no marked increase of any disease reported. Diphtheria was reported present at twenty places, scarlet-fever at twelve, measles at eleven and small-pox at eight places, as follows: Plainfield, Big Prairie Township, Everett Township, Detroit, Flint, Manistee, Grand Rapids and Menominee.

In Battle Creek, Wm. Bralley conceived a brilliant joke the other day. He cut a star out of pasteboard and planned it on his coat, and then visited the various saloons at their back doors, pretending to be a policeman, and terrifying the bachelors.

Mr. Bralley encountered a real policeman, who arrested him, kept him in jail all night, and the next day had him fined five dollars, since which William has not been seen to laugh at anything.

A new mining company, to be known as the Muskegon Iron Mining Company, with a capital of \$500,000, all paid in, was organized recently. The new company will operate in the Menominee range, Marquette County. The officers are as follows: President, George H. White; Vice-President, H. J. Hoyt; Treasurer, W. D. Telford; Secretary, R. M. Luton; Directors, C. S. Montague, J. M. Carr, Dr. J. O. Edie and the four officers above mentioned.

A twelve-year-old boy of W. W. Lewis, who lives a couple of miles north of Kalkaska, while in the woods near his father's house a few days since encountered a large deer which he shot. The boy threw a sharp-pointed pine knot at the animal, wounding it in the neck so that it was tracked for some distance by the drops of blood on the leaves.

The house of L. B. Crandell, of Ithaca, Gratiot County, was badly ransacked and demolished the other day. It had been raised, but the underpinning gave away on one side, and the house surged over, twisting and creaking until it struck the ground. The family were in the house at the time, but received no injuries, except Mr. Crandell's mother, who was thrown onto the stove, and had her hands and arms badly burned.

The new system of examining teachers has, it is said, resulted in Isabella County in making teachers study harder and devote more time to special preparation for their work.

A son of Julius Levinson, about eight years old, was drowned while playing in the river at Traverse City a few days ago. The body was recovered.

The Detroit wheat quotations are: No. 1 White, 1.35; No. 2 White, 1.32; No. 3 White, 1.29; No. 4 White, 1.26; No. 5 White, 1.23; No. 6 White, 1.20; No. 7 White, 1.17; No. 8 White, 1.14; No. 9 White, 1.11; No. 10 White, 1.08; No. 11 White, 1.05; No. 12 White, 1.02; No. 13 White, 1.00; No. 14 White, 0.97; No. 15 White, 0.94; No. 16 White, 0.91; No. 17 White, 0.88; No. 18 White, 0.85; No. 19 White, 0.82; No. 20 White, 0.79; No. 21 White, 0.76; No. 22 White, 0.73; No. 23 White, 0.70; No. 24 White, 0.67; No. 25 White, 0.64; No. 26 White, 0.61; No. 27 White, 0.58; No. 28 White, 0.55; No. 29 White, 0.52; No. 30 White, 0.49; No. 31 White, 0.46; No. 32 White, 0.43; No. 33 White, 0.40; No. 34 White, 0.37; No. 35 White, 0.34; No. 36 White, 0.31; No. 37 White, 0.28; No. 38 White, 0.25; No. 39 White, 0.22; No. 40 White, 0.19; No. 41 White, 0.16; No. 42 White, 0.13; No. 43 White, 0.10; No. 44 White, 0.07; No. 45 White, 0.04; No. 46 White, 0.01; No. 47 White, 0.00; No. 48 White, 0.00; No. 49 White, 0.00; No. 50 White, 0.00.

About 200,000 feet of lumber, belonging to Heald, Murphy & Crepin, and on their dock in Montague, Muskegon County, was destroyed by fire the other day. Loss, \$8,000; fully insured.

A few nights ago a man was knocked down on one of the main streets of Traverse City by a runaway horse. The man was from Sheboygan and came to buy lumber.

The trial of Alexander Dingman, the barber who stabbed Wm. Allen at Vassar, Tuscola County, May 4, resulted recently in a verdict of guilty of the charge "assault with intent to kill." Dingman was sentenced to ten years in State Prison.

The old hemlock extract factory at Farwell, Clare County, was burned a few nights ago. Loss, \$800; no insurance. Also a large dwelling near it was burned, the inmates losing everything, barely escaping with their lives.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

—The mother's heart is the child's school-room.—Beecher.

—It is proposed in Portland, Me., to give the children in the public schools a longer summer vacation than they have hitherto enjoyed. Three months is the period fixed upon.

—An association has been formed at Dusseldorf, in Rhenish Prussia, which has for its objects the diminution of the number of school hours and the introduction of English outdoor games.

—The average income of the clergy of the Scottish Episcopal Church is \$1,045. Besides this, the parsonages are considered to be worth \$100 a year. The average salary of the bishops is \$3,280. The total membership of the Church is 67,482, an average of 384 to each congregation.—N. Y. Independent.

—The Methodist missionaries in North India say that there are signs of a breaking loose of the Chumars (a low caste of whom there are 500,000 in the district) from their heathenism to become Christians. Many of their chief men have accepted the gospel, "and multitudes in the caste are talking of the religion, and many do not hesitate to say that they are soon to become Christians."

—Professor Wells, of the Rochester (N. Y.) Free Academy, has a practical way of teaching civil government. Regular caucuses are held among the students, at which delegates are chosen to State and National conventions. Nominations are made and elections are held in short order, whereupon the government is practically exhibited.—N. Y. Post.

Notice - All communications, local or foreign, must be addressed to the Editor of the Herald, and must be accompanied by the name of the sender. The above rules will be strictly adhered to.

Legal Printing - Persons having any business to do, should remember that it is not necessary that it should be published in the county seat - any paper published in the county will answer. In all matters relating to this vicinity, the interest of the advertiser will be better served, by having the notices published in this paper, than to take them to a paper that is not generally read in their vicinity, besides it is the duty of every one to support home institutions as much as possible.

To Correspondents - Correspondents will please write on one side of the paper only. No communication will be published unless accompanied with the name and address of the author. We require no fee for publication, but we reserve the right to pay for the use of the paper.

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The Chelsea Herald.
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JACKSON, MAY 18, 1882.

Village Board.
The Village Board met in their room in the Chelsea Hotel, May 17, 1882.

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A Valuable Table of Foreign Weights and Measures.

The commercial relations between this country and the various nations of Europe are now so intimate that it is a matter of importance to the farmer as well as most other men that the weights and measures in use by the different people be well understood. The following, condensed from authentic sources, gives a large number of standard terms used, especially in the handling of grain.

In Great Britain the "quarter" is most frequently used in all marked quotations. Now, a quarter is a somewhat variable quantity when applied to productions from different nations. For example, in cost, freight and insurance business:

A quarter of California wheat weighs 500 pounds.
A quarter of other American wheat weighs 480 pounds.
A quarter of Canadian wheat weighs 480 pounds.
A quarter of American maize weighs 480 pounds.
A quarter of Danubian maize weighs 480 pounds.

A quarter of Odessa maize weighs 480 pounds.
A quarter of Galatz maize weighs 480 pounds.

A quarter of barley weighs 480 pounds.
A quarter of oats weighs 480 pounds.

A quarter of peas weighs 504 pounds.
A quarter of lentils weighs 504 pounds.

A quarter of Danubian wheat weighs 480 pounds.
A quarter of South Russian wheat weighs 480 pounds.

In Great Britain also American produce is sometimes sold by the bushel at the following weights:

Wheat, beans and clover seed, 48 pounds per bushel.
Maize, rye and flaxseed 56 pounds per bushel.
Buckwheat, 42 pounds per bushel.
Barley, 48 pounds per bushel.
Oats, 35 pounds per bushel.
Timothy seed, 45 pounds per bushel.

Then again:

A sack of flour weighs 280 pounds.
A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.
A barrel of pork weighs 260 pounds.
A barrel of rice weighs 690 pounds.
A barrel of powder weighs 25 pounds.

A cask of butter weighs 56 pounds.
A tub of butter weighs 84 pounds.
1,015 French kilogrammes equal one ton.

815 Constantinople kilos equal 100 quarters.
100 Galatz kilos equal 143 quarters.
100 Ibrail kilos of wheat equals 232 quarters.

21 French hectolitres equals about 1 bushel.
A Dutch last of wheat equals 104 quarters.
A Dutch last of barley equals 104 quarters.
A Dutch last of oats equals 104 quarters.

A German last of wheat equals 13 to 14 quarters.
100 Russian chetwerts of wheat equals 72 quarters.
100 Russian chetwerts of seed equals 53 quarters.

100 Russian chetwerts of barley equals 88 quarters.
100 Russian chetwerts of rye equals 74 quarters.
100 Russian chetwerts of oatsequals about 68 quarters.

100 Egyptian ardebs of wheat equals 624 quarters.
100 Egyptian ardebs of beans equals 65 quarters.
1,000 Egyptian ardebs of cotton seed equals about 115 tons.

5 Spanish fanegas of wheat equals about 1 quarter.
5 Chilian fanegas of wheat equals 160 pounds.
1 mound of Indian wheat and feed equals 80 pounds.

350 Austrian stajas of wheat equals 100 quarters.
25 Portuguese alqueires of wheat equals 14 quarters.
Barcelona aras of wheat equals 1,925 bushels.

10 Norway mass, equal 1 maller, equals 4,126 bushels.
12 German sheffeln, equal 1 maller, equals 18,140 bushels.
1 Vienna metzen equals 1.7 bushels.
472-28 Vienna metzen equals 100 quarters.

2,032 pounds, German, equals 2,240 pounds, English.
A French quintal, equal 100 kilos, equals 2204 pounds.
180 French charges equals 100 quarters.

217.68 French kilogrammes equals 139 pounds.
225 French kilogrammes equals 156 pounds.

To reduce any number of our bushels of Indian corn to English quarters of 480 pounds, multiply by 7 and divide by 60. To reduce cwt. of flour to barrels of 196 pounds, multiply by 1 and divide by 7.

BEST business now before the public. You can make money faster at work for us than at any other place. Capital not needed. We will start you with \$12 a day and upwards made by us. Now is the time. - You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

The cheapest place in the county to get your job-work, auction bills, etc. done, is at the HERALD OFFICE.

Subscribe for the HERALD.



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Fractured Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

Chelsea Market.
CHELSEA, May 18, 1882.

WHEAT, White, #1	43 50
WHEAT, White, #2	42 25
WHEAT, White, #3	41 50
WHEAT, White, #4	41 25
WHEAT, White, #5	41 00
WHEAT, White, #6	40 75
WHEAT, White, #7	40 50
WHEAT, White, #8	40 25
WHEAT, White, #9	40 00
WHEAT, White, #10	39 75
WHEAT, White, #11	39 50
WHEAT, White, #12	39 25
WHEAT, White, #13	39 00
WHEAT, White, #14	38 75
WHEAT, White, #15	38 50
WHEAT, White, #16	38 25
WHEAT, White, #17	38 00
WHEAT, White, #18	37 75
WHEAT, White, #19	37 50
WHEAT, White, #20	37 25
WHEAT, White, #21	37 00
WHEAT, White, #22	36 75
WHEAT, White, #23	36 50
WHEAT, White, #24	36 25
WHEAT, White, #25	36 00
WHEAT, White, #26	35 75
WHEAT, White, #27	35 50
WHEAT, White, #28	35 25
WHEAT, White, #29	35 00
WHEAT, White, #30	34 75
WHEAT, White, #31	34 50
WHEAT, White, #32	34 25
WHEAT, White, #33	34 00
WHEAT, White, #34	33 75
WHEAT, White, #35	33 50
WHEAT, White, #36	33 25
WHEAT, White, #37	33 00
WHEAT, White, #38	32 75
WHEAT, White, #39	32 50
WHEAT, White, #40	32 25
WHEAT, White, #41	32 00
WHEAT, White, #42	31 75
WHEAT, White, #43	31 50
WHEAT, White, #44	31 25
WHEAT, White, #45	31 00
WHEAT, White, #46	30 75
WHEAT, White, #47	30 50
WHEAT, White, #48	30 25
WHEAT, White, #49	30 00
WHEAT, White, #50	29 75
WHEAT, White, #51	29 50
WHEAT, White, #52	29 25
WHEAT, White, #53	29 00
WHEAT, White, #54	28 75
WHEAT, White, #55	28 50
WHEAT, White, #56	28 25
WHEAT, White, #57	28 00
WHEAT, White, #58	27 75
WHEAT, White, #59	27 50
WHEAT, White, #60	27 25
WHEAT, White, #61	27 00
WHEAT, White, #62	26 75
WHEAT, White, #63	26 50
WHEAT, White, #64	26 25
WHEAT, White, #65	26 00
WHEAT, White, #66	25 75
WHEAT, White, #67	25 50
WHEAT, White, #68	25 25
WHEAT, White, #69	25 00
WHEAT, White, #70	24 75
WHEAT, White, #71	24 50
WHEAT, White, #72	24 25
WHEAT, White, #73	24 00
WHEAT, White, #74	23 75
WHEAT, White, #75	23 50
WHEAT, White, #76	23 25
WHEAT, White, #77	23 00
WHEAT, White, #78	22 75
WHEAT, White, #79	22 50
WHEAT, White, #80	22 25
WHEAT, White, #81	22 00
WHEAT, White, #82	21 75
WHEAT, White, #83	21 50
WHEAT, White, #84	21 25
WHEAT, White, #85	21 00
WHEAT, White, #86	20 75
WHEAT, White, #87	20 50
WHEAT, White, #88	20 25
WHEAT, White, #89	20 00
WHEAT, White, #90	19 75
WHEAT, White, #91	19 50
WHEAT, White, #92	19 25
WHEAT, White, #93	19 00
WHEAT, White, #94	18 75
WHEAT, White, #95	18 50
WHEAT, White, #96	18 25
WHEAT, White, #97	18 00
WHEAT, White, #98	17 75
WHEAT, White, #99	17 50
WHEAT, White, #100	17 25

G. W. R. R. TIME TABLE.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
Depots foot of Third street and foot of Brush street. Ticket Office, 151 Jefferson avenue, and at the Depots.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Atlantic Ex. 11:00 a. m.	10:00 p. m.
Day Express 12:35 a. m.	7:30 p. m.
Detroit & Buf. 1:10 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
1:10 Express 12:45 noon	7:00 a. m.
N. Y. Express 7:05 p. m.	4:45 a. m.
Except Monday. *Sundays Excepted.	*Daily.

J. F. McCLURE.
Western Passenger Agent, Detroit.
J. M. EDGAR, Gen. Pass'r Ag't, Hamilton.

A NEW MEDICINE
HOPS & MALT BITTERS
UNFERMENTED - NOT A BEVERAGE

Regulate the Liver, neutralize Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Sick Stomach, prevent Constipation, remove Bile, relieve of Rheumatism, purify the Blood, cleanse the Kidneys, correct the Stomach and Bowels, and subdue Disease.

HOPS & MALT
It is rich in the materials that nourish the system, and it is a healthy tonic. It is a powerful agent of the Vital Forces, stimulating the system, and promoting good digestion, clear complexion, and a healthy and robust condition.

HOPS & MALT
If you are languishing from indoor confinement, overwork, or disease, or if your brain is overtaxed, muscles and nerves weakened by loss of sleep, or appetite, or business strain, they will nourish, strengthen and refresh you.

HOPS & MALT
NOTE - HOPS & MALT

FOR SALE.
Bran, Shipstuff & MIDDINGS
At Beninsular Mill,
DEXTER, MICH.
JAMES LUCAS,
Dexter, Mich. Feb. 2nd 1882.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, yellow skin? Shilo's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale by Reed & Co.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shilo's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts. 50 cts and \$1. For sale by Reed & Co.

SHILO'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. For sale by Reed & Co.

FORDYSEPTA and Liver Con. plait you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shilo's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale by Reed & Co.

A NASAL INJECTOR free with each bottle of Shilo's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cts. For sale by Reed & Co.

SHILO'S CATARRH REMEDY positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth. For sale by Reed & Co.

"HACKMETACK" a lasting grant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cts. For sale by Reed & Co.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILO'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by Reed & Co.

WE ARE IN THE FIELD EARLY
WITH THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE LINE OF
LADIES', CHILDREN AND MEN'S SHOES,
Ever shown in this City.

We have the exclusive sale in this place, and show a full line of **H. S. Robinson & Burtenshaw Manufacturers**, which goods are too well known in this community to need any talk. Every pair fully warranted and no quibbling if they give out, come in and see them whether you wish to purchase now or not, we shall be pleased to show the goods, and don't forget that we have also a full line of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, (including SHAW'S gold band ware.) Hats, Caps etc. as well as the only complete stock of WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY in this vicinity.

WOOD BRO'S.
We are sole agents for the "Rockford watch" the best American watch made.

RESPECTFULLY.

WOOD BRO'S.

Silks! Rhadames! Satins!

We have made very large and important purchases of Black and Colored Silks, Rhadames, Plain, Watered and Supah Satin, and Moire Silks, at lower prices than ever named before, and we are opening daily, a full and complete line of such leading marks as Pouson, Bellon, Guinet, and all popular domestic brands.

BLACK SILKS, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00. MOIRE SILK and SATIN, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00. COLORED, PLAIN, WATERED and MOIRE SATINS, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50. BLACK RHADAMES, \$1.25, 1.50, 1.65, 2.00.

These goods are of more than excellent value, and well worth at least 20 per cent. more than the above prices.

DAILY ARRIVALS.
SPRING GOODS
SPRING NOVELTIES,
SPRING DRESS GOODS,
in the very newest of Dress Fabrics, of the most popular styles and shades, introduced this season.

A full line of the latest popular Craze
SKEPKERD'S PLAID
IN EVERY FABRIC,
BUSY BEE HIVE!
L. H. FIELD.
Jackson, Mich.

CLOSING OUT.

Having decided
TO CLOSE UP my
Business. I will
offer my
ENTIRE STOCK
At very low Prices.
TERMS CASH.

M. W. Robinson,
JACKSON, MICH.

N. C. R. E. TIME TABLE.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:	
GOING WEST.	
Local Train.....	5:50 A. M.
Mail Train.....	9:25 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	9:52 P. M.
Jackson Express.....	8:05 P. M.
Evening Express.....	10 P. M.
GOING EAST.	
Night Express.....	5:50 A. M.
Jackson Express.....	7:50 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	10:07 A. M.
Mail Train.....	3:58 P. M.
H. B. LEVARD, Gen'l Supt., Detroit.	
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agt., Chicago.	
Time of Closing the Mail.	
Western.....	7:15 A. M., 11:15 A. M., 9:00 P. M.
Eastern.....	9:50 A. M., 4:15 P. M., 9:00 P. M.
Geo. J. CROWELL, Postmaster.	

The Chelsea Herald,

IS PUBLISHED
Every Thursday Morning, by
A. Allison, Chelsea, Mich.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M., will meet at Masonic Hall in regular communication on Tuesday Evenings, on or preceding each full moon.
Theo. E. Wood, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—THE REGULAR weekly meeting of Vernon Lodge No. 85, I. O. O. F., will take place every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, at their Lodge room, Middle St., East.
J. G. WACKENHUT, Sec'y.

WASHTENAW ENCAMPMENT, NO. 17, I. O. O. F.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday of each month.
J. A. PALMER, Scribe.



NOTICE. I have leased the south window of W. R. Reed & Co's drug store for a term of five years, and have purchased their entire stock of Jewels, Watches, Clocks etc., and is prepared to furnish anything in this line of goods.
Respectful Watches, Clocks promptly done and warranted, engraving a specialty.
Frank O. Cornwell.

R. M. SPEER, DENTIST.
(Formerly with D. C. Hawthorn, M. D., D. D. S., of Battle Creek.)
Nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth administered.
ROOMS OVER HOLME'S DRY GOODS STORE, CHELSEA, MICH. [10-23]

G. E. WRIGHT, D. D. S., F. H. SALES, WRIGHT & STILES, DENTISTS.
Office with Dr. Palmer, over Glazier & Armstrong's Drug Store, CHELSEA, MICH. [17-13]

CITY DRAY.
J. D. SCHNAITMAN, would respect-fully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea, that he has opened business with a first-class Dray, and is ready at all times to accommodate all in his line. Having established headquarters at Son & Van's store, all orders left will be promptly attended to. A share of public patronage is solicited.

M. W. BUSH, DENTIST,
OFFICE OVER W. R. REED & CO'S STORE, CHELSEA, MICH. 31

GEO. E. DAVIS, Resident Auctioneer of 16
Years experience, and second to none in the State. Will attend all farm sales and other auctions on short notice. Orders left at this office will receive prompt attention. Residence and P. O. address, Sylvan, Mich. V-11-28

RESTAURANT.
C. HESLERSCHWERT wishes to thank the people of Chelsea and vicinity for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon him during the past year, and hope for a continuation of the same. He is prepared at all times to furnish hot and cold meals for the "inner man." He also keeps on hand Cigars, Candles, Nuts, etc. Remember a good square meal for 25 cents. South Main street, Chelsea, Mich. V-11

INSURANCE COMPANIES
REPRESENTED BY
Turnbull & Depew.

Assets.	
Home of New York.....	\$6,109,527
Hartford.....	3,292,914
Underwriters.....	4,600,000
American, Philadelphia.....	1,396,081
Union of Hartford.....	7,078,224
Fire Association.....	4,165,716

OFFICE: Over Post-office, Main street Chelsea, Mich.
It is cheaper to insure in these stalwarts, than in one horse companies. V-1

TONSorial EMPORIUM.
F. SHAVER would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chelsea and vicinity that he is now prepared to do all kind of work in his line, also keep on hand sharp razors, nice clean towels, and everything first-class to suit his customers. He is up to the times, and can give you an easy shave and fashionable hair cut. A share of the public patronage is solicited. Shop east side of Laird's Store, Middle street Chelsea, Mich.

C. BLISS & SON,
Have an elegant Stock of
WATCHES,
JEWELRY, and
SILVER WARE,
REPAIRING—Neatly done, and warranted.
No. 11 SOUTH MAIN STREET,
ANN ARBOR. V-6

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. THOS. HOLMES, D. D., Pastor. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 m.

M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. H. C. NOTTHERUP, Pastor. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday School immediately after morning services.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. E. A. GAY, Pastor. Services at 10:15 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Sunday School at 12 m.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Rev. Father DUNN. Services every Sunday, at 8 and 10:15 A. M. Vespers, 7 o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 12 o'clock A. M.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Rev. LOUIS BACH. Services every Sunday, alternate forenoon 10:15 and 2 o'clock P. M.

OUR TELEPHONE.

It rained nearly all last week.
Decoration day will be on the 20th.
The weather keeps cool and backward.
Perry Barber has added a new addition to his residence.
Wheat came lively into town Monday—price \$1.20 per bushel.
Very few farmers have planted corn, on account of the cool weather.

Ladies beautiful silvered Lace Pins, only 15 cents each at F. O. Cornwell's.

A very large acreage of all spring crops is being planted in this locality.

Godfrey Kempf and U. D. Streeter, have moved with their families in the neighborhood of the Union School.

Remember Donavin's Original Tennesseeans at the M. E. Church to-morrow (Friday) evening.

Mr. J. P. Wood, was a little under the weather for two days last week—but is feeling quite well again.

The wheat in this vicinity is looking splendid, and the farmers are overjoyed thereat. Don't blame them.

At present outlook the coming clip of wool will bring from 30 to 35 cts. for merchantable washed fleeces to the farmers.

The frosts of this week did not do the damage about here that was at first thought on account of everything being so backward.

Peach trees are in full blossom about here and promise a good crop, if nothing happens to them before maturity; so also with cherries and apples.

There is a slight change on Michigan central R. R. time table. The mail going east, is 3:58 p. m. The local train going west 3:50 a. m. See change of card on third page.

For the past few evenings and mornings we have had considerable frost. Last Tuesday morning ice was seen about a half an inch thick.

James Greenwood, a nephew of Isaac Taylor, arrived here from Yorkshire, England, on the 5th inst. He expects to make his future home here if he can get good employment, and does not get homesick.

Herbert Youca arrived in Chelsea last Monday on his way home to Stockbridge. Mr. Y. has been to Texas and brought with him a young cub black bear, four horned toads and other relics.

Emigrants are arriving at the rate of 3000 per day, and are going west over the Michigan central road. If emigration should continue at that rate, we will soon have all the inhabitants of Europe in America.

I took the marshal, a village "dad," the village clerk and a dry goods clerk to build a new bridge into an alley between Holmes and Durand & Hatch's store, on Main street last Tuesday. You bet the job was a good and solid one.

Our enterprising watchmaker has put in front of his window an ingenious clock, with a large face suspended by two wires, and behind is a watch movement that drives the hands of the town clock. It keeps correct time, and is quite useful as well as ornamental.

The M. E. church Sunday school elected officers last week as follows: Supt., H. L. Wood; assistant supt., Geo. Whitaker; secretary, C. E. Babcock; treasurer, Mrs. Geo. P. Glazier; Organist, Josie Watson; Librarian, Georgie Voalburg; choirist, Josie Oxtoby.

Alex Streeter who is doing us a fine job by sprinkling the streets, has made quite an improvement this year in the way of getting water. He has dug a well behind the foundry where he has got a fine stream—and has added machinery—so that he keeps a horse pumping it as he requires, and can fill his box in five minutes. The water comes from a spring, which keeps our streets wet and cool. The improvement is beneficial to himself and the inhabitants of Chelsea.

Our stirring town, never behind in any thing, has been enlivened lately by an unusual number of marriages. To those mentioned in previous issues, we add the following this week:

On Tuesday, May 9th, 1883, at the residence of Mrs. R. J. Butterfield, Chelsea, her daughter Fanny was united in marriage to Edwin F. Conely, Esq., Superintendent of Police of the City of Detroit, by Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D. of Chelsea.

On Wednesday, May 10th, 1883, at the residence of the bride's father, J. Hawley Hoag, M. D. of Fife Lake and Miss Anna Dancer of Lima, were married by Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D. of Chelsea.

Mr. George Kempf was married last week (Wednesday) to a young lady of Albion. They were married at Albion, and left the same evening for a wedding tour.

Obituary.

Died in Chelsea, Tuesday May 9th, 1883, LULA MAY, second daughter of J. G. & Julia A. Crowell, aged 11 yrs. 4 mos., 27 days.

Another flower has been nipped in the bud. Another of earth's bright jewels has been set in the Savior's starry crown. Lula was a gentle, sweet spirited child, dutiful, affectionate but frail. A complication of ailments, affecting the brain, the heart, the stomach, and the kidneys proved too much for her vital forces; and death came as a merciful angel and released a noble, worthy spirit from a feeble and imperfect body.

Though young Lula manifested great maturity of preparation for Heaven. With-out hint from others, she became conscious just one week before she died that she could not recover, and accepted the dreadful fact with calm, Christian resignation.

Sending for her father and calling him to her bedside, she said, with perfect composure, "Papa I have got to die. Come and kiss me, and pray to God that he will take me to his home." To the question, you are not afraid to die, are you? she replied that she was not. Her papa said, "You know the Bible says suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven. You have read that haven't you?" "O yes," said she, "a great many times."

After the prayer, she gave her playthings to her sisters, asked them to kiss her, and said to the older one, "Meet me in heaven." A little later, on the same day, she asked her mama and a young lady who had called, to sing the hymn commencing

"My latest sin is sinking fast,
My race is nearly run;
My strongest trials now are past,
My triumph is begun."

When the singing was concluded, she mentioned some of her friends who had died, saying she should see them.

The next day, she said, "Papa, I wish one of you could go with me." Her papa replied, "God will take care of you, my child. You are not afraid to die, are you?" She replied, "No!" and from that time her mind seemed perfectly at rest.

About this time her hearing began to fail, and in three days she was both deaf and speechless. She had already been blind two or three weeks.

Thus she lingered three more tedious days and nights, with no power to make known her wants, if she was conscious of want, and no sense through which she could receive any consolation or expression of sympathy from those who watched so tenderly and faithfully and mournfully by her side.

Poor child! It seemed a long time for her thus to suffer alone; but what angelic companions, what heavenly ministrations she may have had, it is not for us to know. About 4 o'clock, on the afternoon of Tuesday, May 9th, she sank quietly to rest with out a struggle or a groan.

The funeral services were held at the Congregational Church, Thursday afternoon. A sermon was preached by her pastor from Mark 10:14. "Of such is the kingdom of God."

The people of Chelsea and the surrounding country most impressively and fittingly manifested their esteem for and sympathy with the bereaved family by the large numbers that crowded the church during the services. Touching expressions of affection were also shown by her Sabbath School class in strewing her lifeless form with flowers as they lay in the coffin; and by her class in the village school.

May all her school-mates so live as to meet her in heaven!

By WILL, THE POOR SCHOLAR.

Lines written while the bell was yet tolling, which told us by its solemn vibrations that one of our late schoolmates had departed to be with Christ which is far better. We will plant our standard at the shrine of a happy, guileless, virtuous childhood, and while our hearts are softened by the influence and presence of death, promise by all that is holy lovely and of good report to spend and be spent for the children as we have opportunity. "Of such is the kingdom of God."

The little nimble feet no more will tread the halls of learning
The lower lights she now has left along the shore still burning
Yet in the "Paradise of God" her eye may be discerning
The things which he in love prepared to fill the soul's great yearning.

The little feet no more will tread to music here below
Upon Earth's missions gladly run with fleetness to and fro
But in that land where youth and love and pleasures ever grow
Join in God's choir a ransomed soul unending youth to know.

Can any one more happy be than to behold God's face
Than to be led through death's dark vale From innocence to grace
Than to find out beyond death's grasp a happy hiding place
To be forever blest without life's turmoil strife and race.

To us such a bliss privilege has not in grace been given
We have to live and watch and pray to reach the port of Heaven
But when the veil between our souls and that bright place is riven
We hope to meet her in the skies—such joy to us be given.

Longfellow's conception of death is given in these lines:
There is no Death! what seems so is transition;
This life of mortal breath
Is but the suburb of the life Elysian
Whose portals we call Death.

Detroit is making great preparations for a grand celebration for the reunion of the Army of the Potomac, to be held in that city June 14th and 15th. A grand prize drill and sham battle, participated in by the crack companies of the State militia, will be among the attractions. General Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Hancock and other distinguished military men will be present.

Kansas Praising It.

"While I was in Topeka last Winter, said the Hon. Arthur Edgington, 'I had a pretty rough time of it. I got a bad cold, and, then that not being sufficiently severe, I was also attacked with rheumatism. The pain was in my left shoulder. At times I almost writhed in agony. I tell you, sir, that the pain could not have been greater had my shoulder been screwed up in a vise. I was utterly helpless, and felt like I was destined to remain in that condition indefinitely. My friends and a physician were generous in their prescriptions and my room soon became a miniature apothecary shop. But nothing did me any good. One day some one told me I was enduring a great deal of needless pain when I could invest fifty cents in a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil and be cured. I invested in a bottle of the Oil, rubbed it on my shoulder twice, and in two days forgot that I ever had rheumatism. Yes, that is a great remedy, and no mistake. They can't say too much in favor of its healing power.'"

The above was uttered by Mr. Edgington while sitting in the porch of the La Gonda House, at Columbus, the other evening, and was overheard by an escaped reporter, who is travelling over the country in quest of news. Inquiries developed the fact that Mr. Edgington is one of the most widely known men in Kansas, figuring prominently in politics, and acting as the responsible agent of the Bradstreet Commercial Agency. Upon subsequently making Mr. Edgington's acquaintance the reporter was assured that all he had heard was true, and he was at liberty to use it in the papers.—Oswego (Kan.) Democrat.

The new liquor license and tax law is working admirably in this State and particularly in the smaller cities and villages, which were in many instances overrun with small and disreputable doggeries, where the vilest of liquors were sold and little regard paid to responsibility for the results of drinking it. Under the law each township, village, or city is given power to fix the bond at any figure not exceeding \$5,000, and many of the smaller places are using the full limit of their discretionary power and requiring the most rigid scrutiny of the responsibility of the sureties before the bonds are approved. Now the men who can give gilt edge bonds to that amount are pretty rare, and responsible men who become surety on such bonds will be pretty careful to look into the character of the men they sign for. The result is that the disreputable and irresponsible are crowded out of the business altogether, and each place will have no more saloons than it can decently support. The few saloons that will be left will be able to do a fair business legitimately and decently, and the temptation to transgress the law will have less attraction in itself, and become very dangerous by reason of the penalty.—Eve. News.

The St. Paul (Minn.) Globe, observes: Things had gone wrong with him, and he wanted to die; yet he had the whole house darting around mightily lively, so we heard, hunting for the St. Jacobs Oil bottle, when the first twinge of rheumatism gathered him up.

Mr. and Mrs. Carter and daughter arrived here Friday night last from Yorkshire, England, on a visit to Zachary Taylor in Unadilla, Livingston county. Mrs. Carter being a sister of Mrs. Taylor. They will spend several months here before returning home.

SOLDIERS, ATTENTION!!—Milo Stevens & Co., the well-known War Claim Attorneys, will be represented at Ann Arbor, Friday and Saturday, June 2nd, and 3rd, by their special agent, Frank I. Darling. Soldiers and others interested in claims for pension, increase of pension, or other claims, it is hoped will give him a call. Mr. Darling will be at the office of the County Clerk.

U. H. Townsend is sole agent at Chelsea, for the George H. Raymond nursery of Battle Creek, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of seeds, bulbs and roots, at his news depot, Middle street Chelsea.

NOTICE is hereby given, that my wife Fannie McMillan has left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation. I hereby forbid all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting after this date. Dated Lima, Mich., May 4th, 1883.
GARDNER W. McMILLAN.

WOOD YARD.—Burnett Steinbach has opened a first class wood yard, at his residence on Middle street west, and is prepared to supply the inhabitants of Chelsea with cord and stove wood in any quantity and on reasonable terms. Inquire at Chas. Steinbach's harness shop. (Terms cash).

Probate Order.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.
COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.
At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the twenty-second day of April in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

Present William D. Harriman Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Elizabeth Bale Deceased. Wesley Westfall the administrator with the will annexed of said estate, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 23rd day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN,
Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register.



The Michigan Central Railroad, with its connections at Chicago, affords the most direct and desirable route of travel from Michigan to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, etc. Michigan Central trains make sure and close connections at Chicago with through express trains on all Western lines. Rates will always be as low as the lowest. Parties going West this Spring will find it to their interest to correspond with O. W. Ruggles, General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Line, at Chicago, who will cheerfully impart any information relative to routes, time of trains, maps and lowest rates. Do not purchase your tickets nor contract your freight until you have heard from the Michigan Central.

BANKING OFFICE

OF
R. Kempf & Brother,
CHELSEA, MICH.

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

Interest Paid on Special Deposits.
FOREIGN PASSAGE TICKETS, TO AND FROM THE OLD COUNTRY, SOLD.
DRAFTS SOLD ON ALL THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF EUROPE.

The Laws of the State of Michigan hold Private Bankers Individually liable to the full extent of their Personal Estate, thereby securing Depositors against any possible contingency.

Monies Loaned on First-Class Security.
Insurance on Farm and City Property Effectuated.
Chelsea Mich., April 27th, 1883.

Unclaimed Letters.
LIST of Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Chelsea, May 1, 1883.

Burkhardt, Henry
Johnson, Andrew
Larabee, A. A.
McClint, Charles
Reynolds, Delbert
Persons calling for any of the above letters, please say "advertised."

GEO. J. CROWELL, P. M.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN
On the Loss of
MANHOOD

A lecture on the nature, treatment, and radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhea, induced by self-abuse, involuntary Emissions, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York.
Post Office Box, 450. 18

THE GREAT
APPETIZER
TONIC,
AND
COUGH CURE
FOR
COUGHS,
COLDS,
CONSUMPTION,
BRONCHITIS,
ASTHMA,
AND
ALL Diseases
OF THE
THROAT, CHEST
AND LUNGS.

The BALZAM OF TOLU has always been one of the most important weapons wielded by the Medical Faculty against the encroachments of the above Diseases, but it has never been so advantageously compounded as in LAWRENCE & MARTIN'S TOLU, ROCK & RYE, its soothing BALZAM properties afford a restorative-stimulant, appetizer and tonic, to build up the system after the cough has been relieved.

GREEN B. BAUM, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., Jan. 28th, 1883, says: "TOLU, ROCK and RYE is an agreeable remedy in all cases of coughs and colds, and is highly recommended as a medicinal preparation under the U. S. Revised Statutes, and when so stamped, may be sold by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS, and other persons, without special tax, or license."

CAUTION! Don't be deceived by dealers who try to palm off Rock and Rye for LAWRENCE & MARTIN'S TOLU, ROCK and RYE—which is the only MEDICATED ROCK and RYE—the genuine has the name on the Proprietary Stamp on each bottle.

Put up in Quart Size Bottles. Price \$1.00.
LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by DRUGGISTS and GENERAL DEALERS Everywhere.
FECHEIMER BROS., Detroit, and HART & AMBURG, Grand Rapids, State Agents.

FRANK P. GLAZIER,
Graduate of Pharmacy
Department, University of Michigan.
CASPER E. DePUY,
Graduate Philadelphia College
of Pharmacy, Philadelphia.
GLAZIER, DePUY & Co.,
CHEMISTS.



OUR SPECIAL attention will be devoted to the dispensing of PHYSICIANS PRESCRIPTIONS. The PREPARATION and sale of PURE FAMILY MEDICINES, DYE COLOR RECIPES, &c.
None but the most skillful and careful will be employed in the medicine department.

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK.
Organized Under the General Banking Laws of Michigan.
—CAPITAL PAID IN—
Fifty Thousand Dollars.

Officers and Directors.
HON. SAM'L G. IVES,
THOMAS S. SEARS,
GEO. P. GLAZIER,
LUTHER JAMES, Capitalist.
HON. AARON T. GORTON, Farmer and Capitalist.
JOHN R. GATES, Farmer and Capitalist.
HEMAN M. WOODS, firm of Woods & Knapp.

According to the General Banking Law of Michigan, the stockholders are individually liable for an additional amount equal to the stock held by them, thereby creating a guarantee fund for the benefit of depositors of

\$100,000.00.
Three per cent interest is allowed on all Savings deposits of one dollar and upwards, according to the rules of the Bank, and interest compounded semi-annually. Money to loan on unincumbered real estate and other good security. Copies of the Rules of the Bank in regard to deposits, furnished on application. Report of the Condition of CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK, of Chelsea, Michigan, April 1st, 1883, made in accordance with section 18, 19 and 67 of the General Banking Law as amended in 1871.

Resources.
Bonds, Mortgages, and other Loans, \$57,559 88
Cash in Vault, and in State and National Banks subject to demand, 23,371 87
Expenses, 499 54
Furniture and Fixtures, 1,201 17
\$112,932 04

Liabilities.
Capital paid in, \$50,000 00
Surplus and Earnings, 2,954 08
Due Depositors, 60,667 96
\$112,932 04

I, GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.
THEODORE E. WOOD,
Notary Public.

We are prepared to do all kinds of job work on short notice, and on reasonable terms.

FURNITURE!!
Remember the place to buy good Furniture cheap is at Clark's,
As I have a large stock of
NEW GOODS,
Which I will sell at prices, which can not be beaten in this section. I am increasing my stock constantly.
Call and see for yourselves before buying elsewhere.
RESPECTFULLY YOURS,
J. D. CLARK.
Chelsea, Mich., April 20th, 1883.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

ACROSS THE GARDEN WALL.

I looked across the garden wall,
And saw her there—see her yet!
A little thing that played at ball.
What mattered right? What mattered left?
I looked—broke the garden wall—
I looked across the garden wall.
And, curls and pinafore and all,
Beheld her—never to forget—
A little thing that played at ball.
Grave as she grew, discreet and tall,
Since, when the morning dews were wet,
I looked across the garden wall,
A little thing that played at ball.
Since she was five-years old, and small,
With slipping sandals all crooked set,
A little thing that played at ball.
But still, sweet wife, when I recall
How first we loved, how first we met,
I watch across a garden wall,
A little thing that plays at ball.
—May Probyn.

AN UNLUCKY RAID.

In the good old days of the Bow Street runners, when highway assaults were rare, and solitary post-choise travelers never journeyed without pistols in their pockets, and tremor at their hearts; when strange feats in the shape of starlight robberies were boasted of, and a "Knight of the Road" aspired to be called a gentleman, the following incident occurred:
One afternoon in early autumn, close upon sunset, a couple of well-dressed men, driving a light gig in which was a poor jaded-looking horse, stopped at a wayside posting-inn, not a hundred miles from Bath, and requested accommodation for the night. They were fashionably attired, and spoke in condescending tones to the landlord and servants, using a few words now and again of town slang, as young bucks of the first water were proud to do in that day.

Giving the horse and gig over to the care of the ostler, they adjourned to the public room and called for some light refreshment in the shape of drink, and during a supper to be served later. The landlord himself brought in the brandy and water.
"What's this story about a great highway robbery near here last night, landlord?" questioned one. "We heard of it on the road coming along. Is it true?"
"Quite true, sir. Ah, gentlemen! it is a dreadful thing—though clever, I must say. My Lady Cantifery with her two daughters was driving home across the heath an hour or two after midnight, having been to the opera, and their carriage was stopped by four mounted horsemen with cocked pistols. The old lady screamed and fainted; the young ladies screamed and kicked; and the gentlemen, those audacious robbers, proceeded politely to the ladies of every ornament they wore."
"Soundless!" interjected one of the guests.

"More than that, your worship. What should those bold blades do but invite the damsels to tread a measure with them? It was a fine sight, as you may perhaps remember, when the moonbeams shining bright on the bare heath. Out of the coach they handed them, and footed it in a minute, dancing, it is said, to perfection, as though they were used to lead out the King's own daughters every night of their lives. The young ladies' screams ended in laughter; the Baroness woke up from her faint and abused them all, robbers and daughters together. O, they are bold, those gentlemen of the highway!"

The two gentlemen, listening to this, had gone into laughing. "But what of the men-servants?—what were they doing?" spluttered one.
"Only two were in attendance, sirs, it seems; my lady's footman in the dicker, and the postilion on the horses; and while two of the robbers were thus doing their dancing, the other two stood guard over the men, each with his pistol cocked and his hand on the trigger, ready to fire at the least movement."
"And the upshot?"

The young ladies were bowed into their coach again, all with stately ceremony, and the robbers, after wishing them a very courteous good night, rode off at a canter, with every leg and foot possessed, small or large, costly or simple, and my lady's purse into the bargain. They may well boast that they led merry lives, those men! Fine commendation the news has caused round about us to-day, as you may imagine, gentlemen. Everybody's talking of it."

The landlord, being called for elsewhere, retired; the travelers sipped at their glasses, laughing away, and conversing with one another in an undertone. "Dusk came on, and the elder and taller of the two addressed his friend in a different tone.

"About time to see after the horse, isn't it, Jim?" "It's dark enough, isn't it?" "I was just going to," answered Jim. And draining his glass, he went away to the stable-yard.
Looking about him, with the air of a connoisseur, after watching his horse eat up his oats, he made himself acquainted with the arrangements of the stables. Some five or six horses were in them. In the box next to his own stood a splendid animal; evidently valuable.

"A better steed nor your'n, sir!" cried the ostler from behind, in a quiet voice; and the gentleman gave a start, not thinking anybody was near.
"Ay, mine has seen good service, and he's been worked hard lately," answered the stranger, good-humoredly. "A very fine animal this, as you observe. And yet," stopping back to look critically at it, "were my horse in good condition it might not be much inferior to this. They are not altogether unlike; about the same height, and much the same in color—brown."

With the last words, the stranger went back to the house, whistling. The ostler peered after him through the dusk while he made his comments.
"You have got a cheek? master, whoever you may be, and a impudent cheek it is. Going and comparing of the two horses like that—this fifty bucks beautiful animal, and that there wretched old hack o' theirs! What next? I wonder who they be, when they be at home?" And, with that, he looked the stable door.

"Well, cried the elder traveler when the other one returned. "Any chance?" "Never had a better chance in all our lives," was the answer. "In the next box to ours stands one of the grandest animals you ever saw—same color, same size, or about it; worth a little fortune. And a set of silver-mounted harness hanging up by him."

"Silver-mounted?"
"Think so. Looks like it. We have got a rich chance, I tell you, Wade." Supper was announced in due time, and the two hungry men did justice to it. Afterwards they sat over the fire, with pipes and grog, and retired to their room about eleven o'clock.
The room, a double-bedded one, was

not exactly on the ground floor, but it was not much higher. A few steps leading off from the staircase conducted to it. The travelers had chosen it in preference to one at first assigned them on the second floor; one of them observing that he liked to sleep near the ground, in case a fire broke out in the night, of which he had a peculiar dread.

The first thing they did on entering the chamber was to double-lock the door and put the candle out; the second was to softly open the window, to stretch their necks out of it as far as they conveniently could, and to wish the moonlight was "hanged."

"Nothing of a drop, that," observed Wade, measuring with his eye the space to the ground. "A child might jump it. Shut down the window, Jim, and let's have a pipe. Hang that moon again! I thought you were wrong in foretelling it would be a dark night."

Shutting the window as softly as he opened it, Jim and his friend, each taking a short, well-worn pipe from his pocket, sat down to smoke. From another pocket came forth a flask of some kind of liquor. Thus they made themselves comfortable, and seemed to forget all about bed.

At any rate, neither of them attempted to go to it. They sat on, and smoked, and drank at the flask occasionally, and whispered together in hushed tones. At last the clock struck two. One of them rose, drew aside the window curtain and looked out.

A suppressed shout of exultation broke from him. "Wade, Wade! the night has changed. It's raining, and the moon is gone. I knew rain was coming."
"Man alive, don't make that row," retorted the other. "We don't want the water woke up!"

"Putting away their pipes and flasks, they opened the window with crafty gentleness, and dropped down on the ground outside it, one after the other. The night was very dark, no light, or glimmer of it, was to be seen anywhere.

Making their way round cautiously to the coach-house and stables, Jim produced a master key which undid the locked stable door he undid with the one that had the valuable horse in it; and he was surprised to find what an easy lock it was. Then, while the other man kept watch he hastily and noiselessly attached the horse to their own gig, using the harness he had admired so greatly. The rain was dashing down smartly, which tended to deaden other sounds. When all was ready they cautiously led the horse and gig out of the yard, and to a distance beyond it, got in and drove away at a spanking pace.

When they were well satisfied with their night's work, and congratulated themselves on the valuable prize they had captured in the horse and harness, it's true the horse appeared to require the whip pretty frequently, and Jim, who was driving, did not fail to administer it.
"Lazy beggar!" he has stuffed himself out with corn," cried he. "You shall fast all this day, my gentleman, and what will bring you into working order. That a pet it is!" looking up at the pouring rain. "Should say this was the clearing shower."

"What'll the job bring us in, Jim?" "Twenty pounds, clear, I reckon. And an old hack thrown in to complete the bargain."

On the heath now, they began laughing over the past night's adventure, as related to them by the landlord. They had no fear of the highwaymen themselves, not they, such gentry do not prey upon one another.

"Hang it, Jim! can't you drive faster?" cried Wade, suddenly.

Jim made no answer. He was beginning to feel somewhat puzzled, for unless he was greatly mistaken, the beautiful horse betrayed unmistakable signs of giving in. Their own wretched animal could do as well as this. Presently it stopped; stopped dead from exhaustion.

"What the deuce is the matter with him?" demanded Wade.
"Be shot if I know. He seems dead beat. It's so dark one can see nothing. Wish that moon would come out—the rain has ceased."

"Well, this is a pretty go!" exclaimed the other, as the horse, in spite of whip and spur, refused to move. "Brought up before one's half beyond danger, with a stolen horse! You must have been mistaken in the worth of the animal, Jim, never knew you mistake one before."

"It beats me hollow," returned Jim, his crestfallen tone betraying some alarm. "As to being mistaken in him I know I never was; there. Something extraordinary must all the horse."

He jumped out of the gig and began feeling the animal with his hands. At the same moment the coy moon burst out from behind the clouds and shone down in all her splendor. Jim felt the horse, started at it and stared again. The other one in the gig was also gazing curiously. Simultaneously a shout of dismay, followed by an imprecation, burst from both of them. They had stolen their own horse.

Some mutual recrimination ensued. Wade accusing Jim of having made a mistake and opened the wrong stable; Jim vowing by all that's blue that he had opened the right one.

"Anyway, we've got the harness," pleaded Jim.
The remark caused Wade to turn his eyes on it; its silver points were glittering in the moonlight. A closer glance, and then another angry shout broke from him.

"Look here, you fool—here's a crest." "Hey—what?" cried Jim, turning round.
Sure enough, the silver-mounted harness bore a family crest with its Latin motto, and could not doubt be identified anywhere. Certainly that night's anticipated spoil was not lucky in any way.

Next morning the landlord of the inn was intensely surprised at the disappearance of the travelers, and at the spiriting away of some harness that belonged to the young Viscount Dare. He stood in the stable yard talking with his ostler.

"But for me his lordship's horse would be home, too," cried the ostler stolidly. "When I see one of 'em two gents a poking and peering about here last night under the cover o' the dusk, and see him gazing at the fine animal with his hungry eyes, and next—watched him a-fingering the stable lock, it struck me what he might be after—the wanting to have a try at changing their own sorry hack for this one. So the last thing at night, before turning in, I changed the horses; putting them in the best stable, and 'other here, and made him safe with my bar and padlock which can't be picked. And they've just been and gone away with their own."

"Well didn't you change the harness as well?"
"Well, I never thought o' the harness."

But in the course of the day a messenger brought the harness back—and did not wait to ask for that of the travelers; and 'other here, and made him safe with my bar and padlock which can't be picked. And they've just been and gone away with their own."

"So the landlord, by the bargain, got a set of plain harness, which really was not bad, and he let the unlucky thieves alone. The Argosy.

FARM AND FIRE-SIDE.

—One pound of green copperas dissolved in one quart of boiling water will destroy foot smells. Powdered borax scattered in their haunts will disperse cockroaches.—*German-Look Telegraph.*

—The following recipe furnishes a cheap sealing wax, useful for many purposes: Mix together 2 pounds of common beeswax, six ounces of turpentine and 2 ounces of olive oil; add six ounces of red lead, boil a little and stir until it is almost cold, then cast it into cold water and make it into rolls or cakes.

—The value of pure short-horn cattle is still far beyond that of any other breed. At a recent sale in Chicago, the fourth Duchess of Aldrich brought \$7,100; the second Duchess of Kirkcubright, \$3,525; the ninth Duchess of Hillhurst, \$8,500; the tenth Duchess of Hillhurst, \$7,100; the eleventh Duchess of Hillhurst, \$4,700; the eighth Duke of Hillhurst, \$3,025.—*N. Y. Sun.*

—A believer in counter-irritants, and possibly one who does not "believe," will find relief from toothache and its accompanying neuralgia by using the liniment made from the following formula: Take half an ounce each of the oil of sassafras and oil of origanum, one ounce and a half of tincture of cayenne, two tablespoonfuls of flour; smoothly blended with half a pint of cold water; place this mixture in a saucepan over the fire, gradually stir into a pint and a half of boiling water, or milk and water, add a small red pepper and a palatable seasoning of salt, and boil for fifteen minutes, taking care that the soup does not burn; then put in one pint of cold water, and the whole of shell have been carefully removed; let the soup boil once, and serve immediately.—*N. Y. Times.*

—Peanut Soup with Oysters.—Prepare three pounds of nuts as directed in the preceding recipe; mix with them two tablespoonfuls of flour; smoothly blended with half a pint of cold water; place this mixture in a saucepan over the fire, gradually stir into a pint and a half of boiling water, or milk and water, add a small red pepper and a palatable seasoning of salt, and boil for fifteen minutes, taking care that the soup does not burn; then put in one pint of cold water, and the whole of shell have been carefully removed; let the soup boil once, and serve immediately.—*N. Y. Times.*

—There is considerable room for the expansion of the poultry business in this country. We have imported within the past three months nearly half a million dollars worth of eggs alone. The official figures are: 3,396,246 dozen of eggs, valued at \$465,554. But then we exported all of 19,986 dozen, valued at \$4,321, which still places \$461,244 to the credit of foreign hens. At that rate, the year round, we shall out nearly two millions per annum for a commodity that almost produces itself.—*American Poultry Yard.*

—The cranberry is most profitably cultivated on low, moist level lands, where drainage as well as overflowing can be applied, as circumstances may require. Yet, like many other plants, it may even be made in a flower pot. Plants grown in this way are not only highly ornamental, the fruit hanging on the vines until the blossoms appear for the next crop, and also astonishingly productive.—*Indianapolis Sentinel.*

—Destroying the Cabbage-Worm. My method of meeting this enemy has been to begin in time, capturing the white-winged butterfly as they lay their eggs. If the cabbage-grower is remote from other plantations of cabbage, considerable may be done in this way. But as a rule, the butterfly will lay its eggs, and the enemy must be met in its next stage. Water heated to about 135 or 145 degrees will destroy the worm without injuring the plants; but this requires more care and labor than will generally be given. With a little more heat the plants may be injured, with less the enemy may escape. I have found white hellebore, such as is used for the currant, more equally destructive to the cabbage-grower. My method is to boil a gallon of water and dissolve in it one heaping tablespoonful of the powdered hellebore. A very little sprinkled on the plants will speedily finish the worms. The use of Paris Green or the equally poisonous London Purple for this purpose cannot be too severely discounted. The white hellebore is, it is true, slightly poisonous; but not all as Paris Green is. I only use the hellebore in early stages of growth. After the plants begin to head, I use no more; but I continue to keep myself with promoting vigorous growth by frequent hoeing, and if need be, watering the plants. A pinch of common salt thrown on a cabbage plant in August will destroy the worm almost as well as the hellebore, and will besides promote the tendency to form a solid, heavy head. Salt is in fact one of the best special manures for cabbage. My reason for not using it from the first is because, while very young, the leaves of the cabbage are tender and might be injured by it. I have used salt from the first, the ground might be oversalted and the crop injured rather than benefited. Bran, lime and other substances have been recommended to destroy or drive away the worm after the head is forming, but I am satisfied that salt is the best at that season.—*W. T. Fowler, in N. Y. Examiner.*

—Soaking Seed Against Smut. Most good farmers have reported their experience in favor of soaking seed corn in weak brine before planting, as a preventive of smut, though many ways with the sanction of what are known as advanced agriculturists. They have not been able to understand how anything that can be done to a seed will have any effect on what is to happen to the grain that is produced months afterwards. However, those farmers who have tried it have adhered to the practice, and we suppose there is nothing more certain than that those brine soaks do prevent the smut. Later, however, Professor Brewer, of Yale, and others, have shown that it is good practice, but shows us the process by which the smut progresses from its first establishment on the grain to its final maturity in the head or ear. It appears that the seeds or spores of the fungus adhere by a sticky coat to the grain. As soon as the grain sprouts, the fungus spore sprouts also, and sends its filaments into the plant, growing as the plant grows, and continuing to grow until the grain is about to reproduce itself, when the fungus plant is also ready to reproduce itself, which it does in the form of smut as we see it; the smut being a nest of spores ready for reproduction. The process is made very clear. We see how brine is useful. It destroys the fungus spores, but not the grain. As corn planting is now upon us it is the easiest thing for farmers to give this a trial. At times the damage done by smut is very serious.—*German-Look Telegraph.*

The Other Horn.

"Mister," began a small boy, as he entered a Woodward avenue grocery yesterday, "ma bought some mackerel here last night."

"Yes," "And in making change you gave her—"

"No, I didn't. I haven't had a quarter with a hole in it for a month!"

"But ma says you gave her a quarter!" "Don't believe it! I don't believe it! I remember, now; I gave her a half-dollar, a quarter and a nickel."

"Ma says you gave her a gold-piece for a penny, and here it is."

"Good gracious alive! but so I did—so I did! I remember now that I gave her a dollar bill and a lot of small change. Bub, what's your name, and do you think you can eat three sticks of lemon candy? Ah! it does me good to find honesty and reward it!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

—The tramp has begun his season's journey in the highways. Whenever you see funny chalk marks on trees and stone fences, know that the tramp who stopped at your house just before he went up the road left a sign for the next comer. If you gave him beef and coffee, the next tramp will certainly know that your soft heart prescribes beef and coffee.—*Chicago Journal.*

—There are nearly 25,000,000 acres of this country devoted to winter wheat. The Southern States are beginning to cultivate wheat extensively.—*Christian Union.*

—Persons suffering from any great length of time from constipation must not be surprised if they find their bowels, after the use of such purgatives as castor oil, calomel, etc., become irritable, and the bowels, in fact, become a daily habit, in fact, this is one of the first laws of nature, and its obedience is essential to good health and longevity. When this function is neglected, impatience, gluttony or vicious indulgence, becomes deranged. Dr. Guy's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla should be used to strengthen these parts. This excellent medicine quickly assists nature in restoring her equilibrium, and its use will permanently cure the severe case of constipation of the bowels and all the other ailments which attend it. It purifies the blood and strengthens every part of the body. It is as pleasant as wine to the taste. Ask your druggist to get it for you.

—GLASS EYES for horses are now made with such perfection that the animals themselves cannot see through the deception.

J. M. MORRISON, of Monroe, O., writes: "I was badly afflicted with salt rheum, scrofula, and other syphilitic symptoms of blood poisoning. I also was troubled with a bad case of rheumatism, and my bowels were constipated. My employer recommended me to use Dr. Guy's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. It has accomplished a marvellous cure, every symptom of blood has disappeared, and my bowels now have a regular daily habit, and the piles have not troubled me since."

A LAWYER who climbs up on a chair after a law-book gets a little higher in order that he may get a little lower.

A Few Plain Facts From The American Christian Review, Cincinnati, O.: In our house ALLEN'S LUNG BALM has been a standard cure for colds during the past ten years, and with uniform success. The balm is made of the most pure and reliable ingredients, and is the only preparation of its kind in the world. It is the only preparation of its kind in the world. It is the only preparation of its kind in the world.

Enterprise Extraordinary. Most of our readers, if not all, will remember that a little over a year ago the magnificent structure at Buffalo, N. Y., known as Pierce's Palace Hotel, was entirely destroyed by fire. We doubt, however, if many of those who saw notice of the conflagration at the time are prepared for the announcement, just made by the proprietors, that since that occurrence another structure, six stories high and one hundred feet square, has been completed, and that it is now open for the reception of guests.

In the erection and furnishing of this massive and elegant building, nothing has been omitted that would in any manner tend to benefit the afflicted, or to add to their comfort. Ten physicians and surgeons, eminent in their respective specialties, constitute the professional staff of the institution, and persons suffering from chronic and other ailments will doubtless find here a veritable home. All inquiries as to terms, etc., should be addressed to the Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A CHIROPODIST advertises that his place of business is open in the evening. Convenient for gentlemen who are called at night.—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

"Three Away Her Support." Dr. Pierce's "female weakness" which the doctor told her could not be cured without a supporter. After considerable persuasion my wife induced her to try your "Female Restorative." After using one bottle she threw away the supporter and did a large washing, which she had not done in two years before. JAMES MILLER, 4340 Jacob Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S favorite food is boiled mutton; but, as she is a staid old lady, she objects to capers.—*Somerville Journal.*

If your lungs are almost wasted by consumption Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure you, as a remedy for severe coughs, and all curable bronchitis, throat and lung affections, it is unsurpassed. Send two stamps for Dr. Pierce's large pamphlet treatise on Consumption and Kindred Affections. Address: WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, BUFFALO, N. Y.

A MAGAZINE article is entitled "The Arrival of Man in Europe," referring to the first arrival in that country. He must have felt sort of lost, and was prodigiously puzzled to know which hole to put up at, but the probabilities are that he was not surrounded by a howling mob of hack drivers upon his arrival, and saluted with "Hav-a-ho! Rightnow!" "Hav-a-ho! Rightnow!" etc.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

A Good Housewife. The good housewife, when she is giving her house its spring renovating, should bear in mind that the dear inmates of her house are more precious than many houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood, regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from impure blood. Know that there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines.—*Concord N. H. Patriot.*

A DISAPPOINTED young man says he wishes he was a rumor, because a rumor soon gains currency, which he has never been able to do.

Woman and Her Diseases. Is the title of a large illustrated treatise, by Dr. R. P. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., sent to any address for three stamps. It teaches successful self-treatment.

EMBRIDDER mustard plasters are now recommended as a necessary feature of esthetic medication.

"Middle measures are often but midling measures." These are no "middleling" about Kidney-Wort. It is the most thoroughly refined "downer" of medicine. It purges all diseases of the kidneys, liver and bowels. It overthrows piles, abolishes constipation and treats the system so gently and safely that it is a true kinship to nature in all its phases. It is prepared in both liquid and dry form.

For the permanent cure of CONSTIPATION. No other disease is so prevalent in this country as constipation, and no remedy has ever been so successful as Kidney-Wort. It is a simple, wholesome, and safe remedy, and it is the only one that will cure the disease. It is the only one that will cure the disease. It is the only one that will cure the disease.

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What Is the Difference Between a New Policeman and an Old Hat?

One is worn in and the other's worn out.—*Toronto Gripe.*

In the matter of disordered nerves, Boston girls suffer no more than those of other cities. There are painful sensibilities that nothing can cure so thoroughly as Dr. Benson's Cherry and Chamomile Pills, and every nervous girl should use them. Dr. Benson is also discoverer and proprietor of a new remedy and his favorite prescription for all disordered nerves, the Skin and Scalp. It is known as Dr. Benson's Skin Cure.

A SCIENTIST says "a big comet is now dashing toward a spotted sun." Its aim, no doubt, is to "knock the spots off it."

HEALTH, hope and happiness are restored by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a positive cure for all those diseases from which women suffer so much. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 238 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

A MANUFACTURER advertises: "The strongest and cheapest bed in the market." He must mean an onion bed.—*Norristown Herald.*

NO family dyes were ever so popular as the Diamond Dyes. They never fail. Any one can use them. The Black is far superior to logwood.

THE editors have struck. So we are informed by a gentleman with a spring pen and a black eye.—*Black Commercial Bulletin.*

"ROUGH ON RATS." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed-bugs, gophers, chipmunks. 15c.

WHAT word in the English language possesses the greatest number of one particular letter? "Possesses."

SKINNY MEN. "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia. \$1.

WHAT religion is most prevalent in spring? Buddhism.

IF afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

SAVE your wagons, your money and your patience by using Fraser Axle Grease.

Try the new brand, "Spring Tobacco."

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 15, 1882.
LIVE STOCK.—Cattle, \$12.00 @ \$14.75.
Sheep, 5.00 @ 5.50.
Hogs, 6.00 @ 7.25.
FLOUR.—Good to Choice, 5.85 @ 6.00.
Patents, 7.00 @ 9.25.
WHEAT.—No. 2 Hard, 1.40 @ 1.45.
No. 2 Spring, 1.35 @ 1.40.
COIN.—No. 2, 82 @ 85.
GOLD.—New York, 100 @ 101.
SILVER.—New York, 100 @ 101.
RICE.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
POULTRY.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
LARD.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
CHICKEN.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
EGGS.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
BEEF.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
PORK.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
BUTTER.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
MILK.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
HONEY.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
SUGAR.—No. 2, 15 @ 16.
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